that worship therein is not properly performed. A committee may be appointed for the purpose of managing the affairs of such temples in each taluk.

Several other members took part in the discussion and were unanimous in urging that some such arrangement was urgently called for.

Reply of Government.—Where such temples have Inam lands assigned to them, an enquiry will be made as to whether the usufruct of such lands is properly applied.

Subject No. 30
(a) Utilization of receipts of temples exclusively for their benefit.

(b) Application of savings at the credit of one temple for the benefit of other temples in the same taluk

Summary of discussion.—(*a*) Arrangements may be made for utilizing the receipts of temples under the management of the Muzrai Department for the exclusive benefit of the temples concerned or of temples in the same taluk.

(*b*) The savings at the credit of any temple may be left at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioner for being applied to the worship of other important temples in the same taluk and for the purchase of new cloths, &c., for the deities in such temples.

Reply of Government.—(*a*) & (*b*). Funds of one temple are not generally spent on other temples.

Subject No. 31
Appointment of Dharmadarsis.

Summary of discussion.—Five Dharmadarsis may be appointed for each matt from among the disciples of that matt. The appointment may be made either by the Government or by the matt itself.

Reply of Government.—There are only a few matts in the State. Government do interfere when affairs are not properly managed and money is not properly spent. This is not a matter for disposal by Panchayatdars.

Subject No. 32
Teaching of Vedas and Shastras in Matts.

Summary of discussion.—Arrangements may be made to have Vedas and Shastras taught in every matt.

Reply of Government.—Noted.

Subject No. 33
Increase of endowments to minor temples.

Summary of discussion.—The ready money tasdik of minor temples being small, puja is not regularly performed by the servants concerned. To supplement such tasdik, banjar lands may be granted to the temples or some additional allowance given from Mohatarfa or Local Funds.

Reply of Government.—Noted.

Subject No. 34
Khalsat on Inams of temple pipers.

Summary of discussion.—The collection of Khalsat on temple inams has been postponed by order of Government, but no such concession has been shown in the case of the inams of pipers attached to temples. They may be allowed a similar concession.

Reply of Government.—Noted for consideration in the Muzrai Department.

Subject No. 35
Khalsat on Devadayam Inam lands.

Summary of discussion.—(*a*) Khalsat on temple Inams may be written off altogether instead of being held in abeyance.

Reply of Government.—The matter is under investigation and will be finally settled as quickly as possible.

Summary of discussion.—*(b)* Khalsat was recovered this year in the Mysore taluk.

Reply of Government.—The Deputy Commissioner will enquire into this matter.

Subject No. 36
Maintenance of a register in each Taluk of Inam lands endowed by Government.

Summary of discussion.—A register may be kept in each taluk of Inam lands endowed by Government for the maintenance of temples and chattrams with details showing how the income is utilized as in the case of ready money allowances. This register would serve as a means of check against the improper utilization of such income. A statement was read of instances of Inams not appropriated for the purpose for which they were granted.

Reply of Government.—This will be enquired into.

JUDICIAL (INCLUDING CIVIL, CRIMINAL AND REGISTRATION).

Subject No. 37.
Amildars' Magisterial powers.

Summary of discussion.—*(a)* Amildars have a large quantity of criminal work to do and are consequently obliged to neglect their revenue work. In the midst of their out-door inspection they have sometimes to hurry back to head-quarters for trying criminal cases on the dates fixed; at other times they stay out in order to complete their inspection, thus causing inconvenience to the parties concerned in criminal cases. The file of the Amildar Magistrate of Chikmagalur is particularly heavy. The best solution of the difficulty is to invest Sub-Registrars with Magisterial powers. Taluk Sheristadars should not be appointed as Magistrates.

Mr. Venkatkrishnaiya of Mysore stated that such of the Special Sub-Registrars as have qualified themselves by passing the prescribed tests and get the pay of higher grades may be tried as Magistrates.

Reply of Government.—Under consideration.

Summary of discussion.—*(b)* Amildars should neither try police cases arising within their own jurisdiction nor receive complaints instituted against the police employed within such jurisdiction. All such cases should go to a Magistrate who has no Police jurisdiction. Special Magistrates should be appointed but if this cannot be done, Amildars should at least be directed not to try police cases.

Mr. Hiriyannappa of Shimoga stated that Amildars should have 2nd Class powers and Taluk Sheristadars 3rd Class powers to facilitate the discharge of revenue work.